

Fig. 1C

A diagram of a rectangular frame. The top-left corner is labeled 21, the top-right corner is labeled 22, the bottom-left corner is labeled 23, and the bottom-right corner is labeled 24. The number 155 is centered within the rectangle.

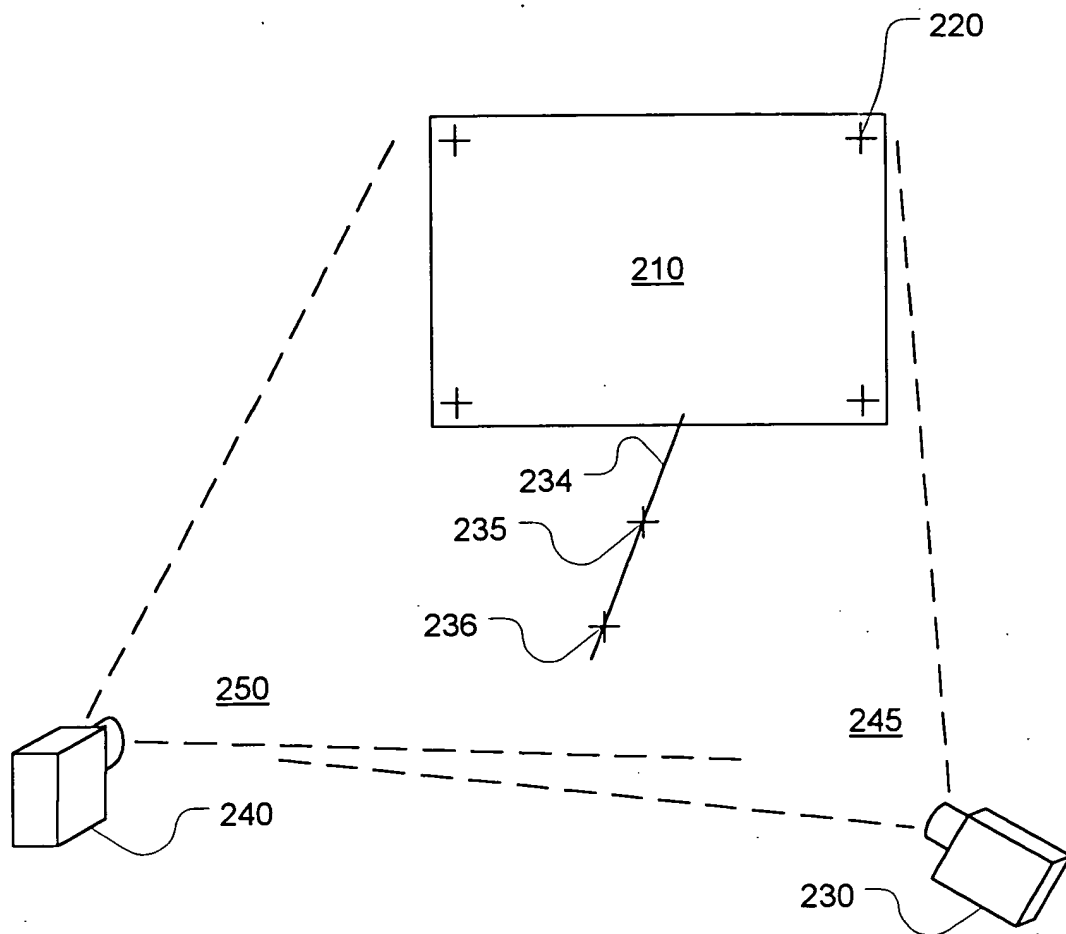


Fig. 2

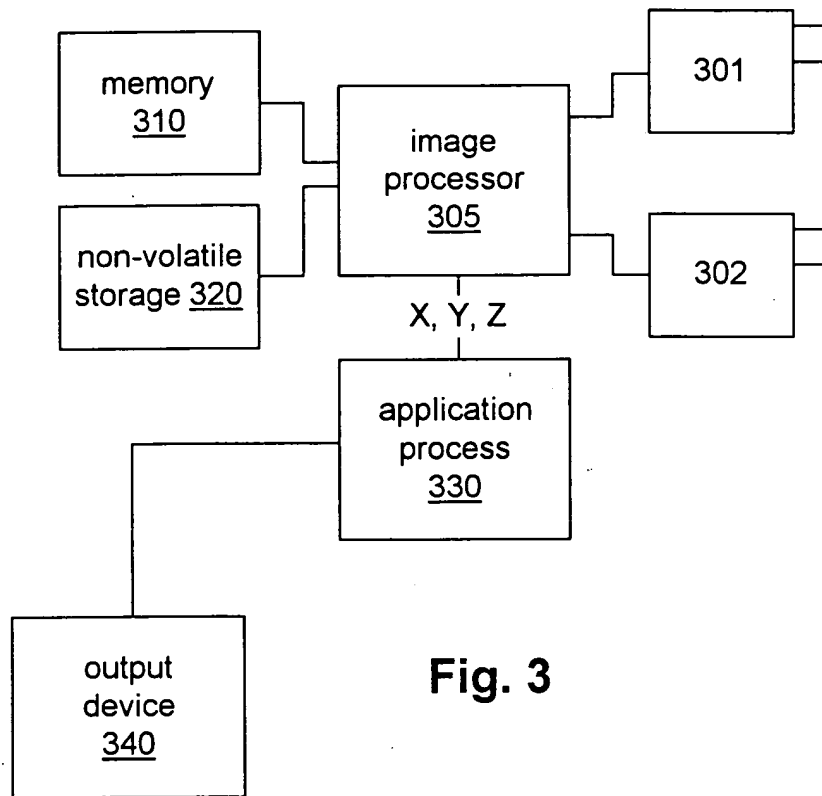


Fig. 3

This diagram illustrates a 3D optical system. Two light sources, labeled 420 and 415, are positioned at the bottom left and right, respectively. Light rays from these sources pass through a series of lenses or apertures, labeled 430, 431, 433, 432, and 434. These rays converge towards a central rectangular region, labeled 428, which is enclosed by a dashed line 435. Inside this region, several points are marked with crosses and labeled 422, 424, 426, 427, 429, and 425. A dashed line 470 is also shown. An arrow labeled 440 points towards the central region. The entire system is shown in a perspective view.

This diagram illustrates a light source and lens system. A light source, labeled 415, is shown on the right. Light rays, indicated by dashed lines, travel from the source through a lens assembly, labeled 420, which includes a lens element 425. The light then passes through a series of optical elements, including a prism 435 and a lens 440, before reaching a display surface 450. The display surface shows a grid of points, with labels 451, 452, 453, and 454 indicating specific locations. The entire system is enclosed in a dashed rectangular box.

Fig. 5

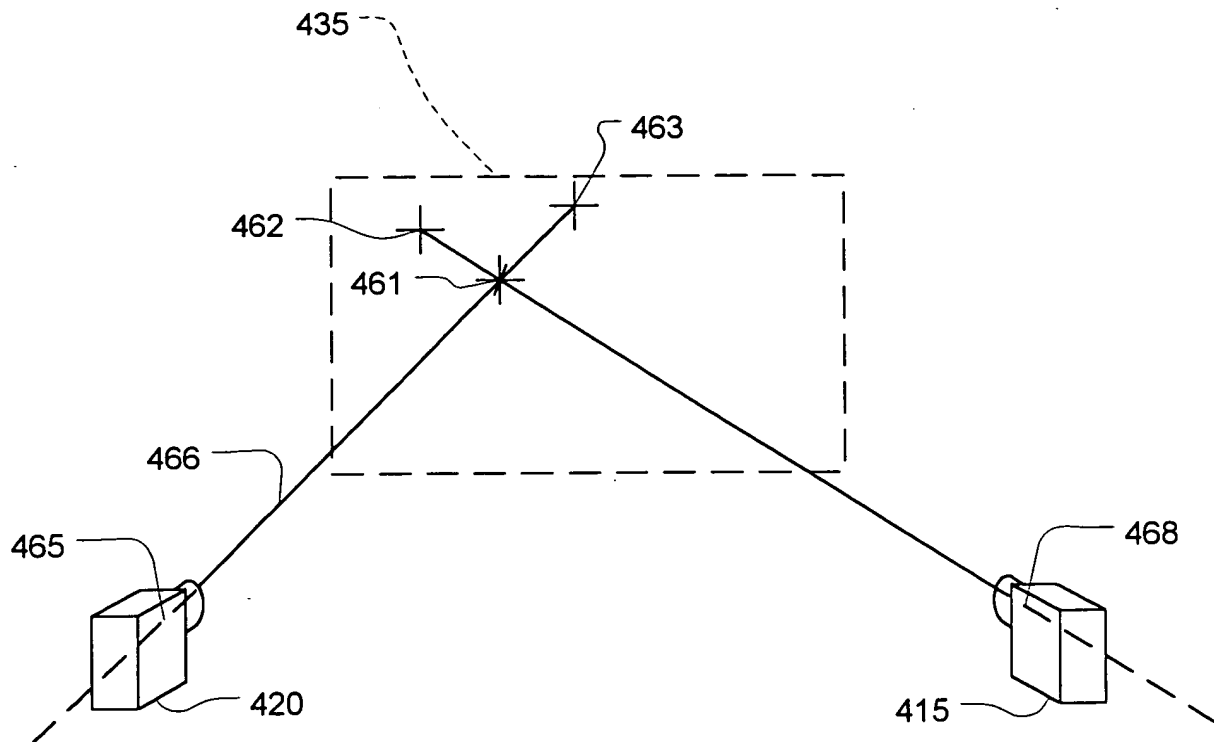


Fig. 6

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